West Africa Fisheries Management Analysis (USAID/Pragma Corporation)

2018 Year:

Location: The geographic scope covered ECOWAS coastal countries, from Senegal to Nigeria: Senegal, Gambia, Guinea Bissau, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Togo, Benin and Nigeria, with special

attention to Mano River Union Countries (Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia and Côte d'Ivoire).

Client: USAID / The Pragma Corporation

> The objective of the assignment was to identify opportunities for moving the West African capture marine fisheries sector towards sustainability. The specific objectives and tasks are detailed below:

2.1. To present an overview of the West Africa regional fisheries management context

- > Desk review and documental analysis of pertinent literature and documents (non-exhaustive list):
 - a) Studies and assessments conducted by donors, NGOs, governments and academic community.
 - b) USAID documents and reports.
 - c) National government policy and regulatory documents describing fisheries laws, regulations, and fish trade policies, as well as planned developments in these sectors.
 - d) Documents describing the roles and actions of regional institutions with a fisheries management or oversight mandate.
 - e) Project documents from other donor-funded sustainable fisheries projects in West Africa including, publicly available, planned interventions.
 - f) Other materials and documents as necessary.
- 2.2. To identify areas for supporting improvements in sustainable regional fisheries management
- > Threats and opportunities for sustainable regional fisheries management in West Africa:
 - a) Discussion of current political economy barriers to effective regional fisheries management.
 - b) Identification of types of information needed to frame a Political Economy Analysis (PEA) and the factors limiting the effectiveness of regional coordination and concerted action and, in particular, the weight of factors related to influence and power.
 - c) Fisheries and ecosystems under particular threat.
 - d) Leverage points where targeted investment could result in transformative change.
 - e) Opportunities for regional institutions to gain influence.
- 2.3. To propose concrete recommendations, in line with the objectives and requirements of USAID Feed the Future and Biodiversity congressional directive funding.

Description: